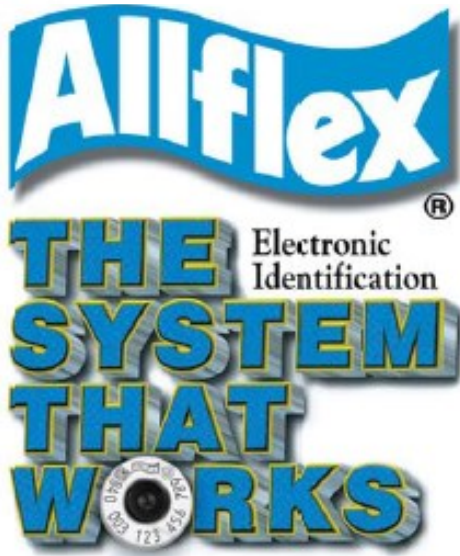




Application Instructions for Allflex Electronic Identification Ear Tags

Apply Allflex Electronic ID Tags with the Red Universal Total Tagger.

Use the **red** blunt pin and **remove** the black **insert** from the base of the jaws for **beef** and **swine** EID Tags. Use black **insert** for **new, lightweight small ruminant EID tags with vented cap** (**sheep** and **meat goat**).



1. To load, depress spring clip and insert the female EID tag. Ensure that the raised portion of the tag, which encloses the transponder chip, is placed in the open portion of the jaws.
2. Slip the male tag completely onto the blunt applicator pin. Squeeze the jaws together lightly to ensure the male shaft is in line with the female.
3. Dip the jaws of the applicator holding the tag into an antiseptic or disinfectant solution.
Suggestions:
Iodine Solution
Nolvasan
Veterycin

Recommended EID Tag Placement

Application site must be free of foreign debris prior to placement of tags on the animal. Review application instructions prior to tagging.

IMPORTANT: Caution, "Free Air Space" is critical for proper healing and retention. Inspect placement after tagging to ensure there is sufficient space between ear and EID tag. It is recommended to pull tag pieces apart for proper healing.



For CATTLE—Left Ear Only

1. The EID tag should be placed in the middle of the ear between the two cartilage ribs close to the head.
2. The female (EID) portion of the tag should be on the inside of the ear.



For SWINE—Left Ear Preferred

1. Place the EID tag in the middle or thicker part of the ear.
2. The male tag should be on the outside of the ear and the female (EID) should be placed on the inside of the ear. Tag retention is improved when male tag lays flush against the back side of the ear.

IMPORTANT: Tag application may vary based on breed type and ear size.



For SHEEP & MEAT GOATS—Left Ear Preferred

1. Use black tagger insert for lightweight, vented cap small ruminant EID tags.
2. Place the EID tag in between the cartilage ribs of the ear, near the first third of the ear (closest to the head).
3. The female EID portion of the tag should be placed on the inside of the ear.

IMPORTANT: Disinfect tags prior to tagging and spray for 3-5 days post-tagging to reduce the opportunity for infection.

Kansas 4-H Swine, Sheep, & Meat Goat Tagging Guidelines and Tips for EID Tags

Tagging protocols are established to maximize retention and minimize complications with the identification process. While it is impossible to have 100% tag retention, it can be increased by following these tips.

Instructional videos for appropriate Allflex EID application may be found here:

<https://www.allflex.global/na/support/> > Videos

Applicators – for the EID tags, you **MUST** use the red **Allflex Universal Total Tagger** with the red blunt pin or the new gray, Allflex UTT3S tagger. The black plastic insert needs to be removed for swine tag application with the red Universal Total Tagger, just as it was for the beef tags, and the blue clip must be removed for swine and beef EID application using the gray UTT3S tagger. For sheep and meat goat tags issued prior to 2024, remove the insert and tag using the same protocol as swine and beef. **For the new, lightweight small square ruminant EID tags recently issued for sheep and meat goats, USE the black or blue insert in each respective tagger.**

Application of the tags – As you can see in the instructions, the tags are to be put in the ear with the EID button facing to the front (inside the ear). It is preferred that they be placed in the animal's left ear. They should be placed close to the head (1/3 to 1/2 of the ear length out from the base), in the middle of the ear vertically. **DO NOT** put the tags in an existing hole in the ear. Doing so will greatly increase the chance of loss. Pulling on both sides of the tag to increase air flow around the tag and spinning the button will verify correct application and ensure there is appropriate space between the tag and the animal's ear.

Use disinfectant! Dip the tags and applicator in disinfectant prior to tagging. It is recommended that you use a product such as Nolvasan, Vetericyn, or an iodine solution. They are effective, non-irritating products that can be purchased from the local vet or vet supply store. Using a disinfectant will help the tag site heal and provide lubrication for easier application. **It will also reduce the opportunity for infection and is imperative to use disinfectant when tagging meat goats and sheep!** Avoid using an alcohol, bleach, etc. product, that irritates the ear.

After Application – Grasp both parts of the tag and pull on them. This will ensure that the stem is completely in and it will create room for air flow around the tag to promote faster healing.

Keep the matched EID button and 4-H visual tags together – The tags are packaged with the EID and visual 4-H tag numbers correctly matched, which also corresponds to the tag match database available from Allflex. If, for some reason, the tags should get separated, you can use the sheet of labels to match them back up. Allflex has been working on their website over the past few years. If you are unable to download your tag data and need it, contact the KSU Youth Livestock Program Coordinator.

Using the labels – **Make a copy of all the barcode sticker labels in each bag and put them in a safe place!** **Taking pictures of them is also encouraged.** Each bag of tags has 2 sets of labels that include the EID tag number, a barcode of that 15-digit number, and the visual 5-digit 4-H management tag number (tag ID). You may use one set of labels for county tagging. The other set of labels should be kept in a file for state nominations.

Weigh-In Card - A template of a county weigh-in card can be downloaded from the KSU YLP website.

Check ears for existing 840 EID tags! It is unlawful to remove an 840 tag from any specie of livestock, as it is their official (ADT) identification. An animal may also only have one EID tag. The Kansas 4-H beef and swine EID tags are official 840 EID tags. Check the ears of hogs thoroughly prior to tagging with a Kansas 4-H EID tag. Contact Lexie if you need to tag a 4-H/FFA project with an existing 840 EID tag. **DO NOT** tag animals with an additional 840 EID tag, if they already have one. Also, **DO NOT** remove the original 840 EID tag. There is an alternative tagging process for animals being state nominated that had an 840 EID tag prior to 4-H member ownership (or county tagging).

**The Kansas 4-H EID tags are official 840 EID tags for beef and swine. Sheep and meat goat tags are 982 management EID tags. Any non-840 tags may be removed and replaced with the Kansas 4-H EID tag.*

Record Keeping – Extension professionals are responsible for maintaining tagging records for tags applied to 4-H livestock projects in their unit. Records for official (840) EID tags should be kept for five (5) years.

Questions – Can be directed to [Lexie Hayes](#), KSU Youth Livestock Program Coordinator.